



Native Plant List

Non-native plants cannot exceed 10% of your total number of plants. If you are planting near shoreline, creeks, or wetlands outside of city limits check with HIP staff on special rules regarding native plant cultivars

Common Name	Scientific Name	Soil Moisture/ Water Use	Mature Height	Mature Width (ft.)	Notes
Groundcovers and Perennials For Shady Locations					
Deer Fern	<i>Blechnum spicant</i>	W-M/H	2'		Evergreen fern.
Wild Ginger	<i>Asarum caudatum</i>	M/M-L	6"		Spreads once established.
Groundcovers and Perennials For Shady to Partly Shady Locations					
Bunchberry Dogwood	<i>Cornus unalaschensis</i>	M/H	6"		Spreads once established.
Creeping Oregon Grape	<i>Mahonia repens</i>	M-D/M	1'-2'		Evergreen, woody, heat intolerant. Spreads.
False Lily-of-the-valley	<i>Maianthemum dilatatum</i>	M/M	0.5'-1'		Somewhat evergreen. Spreads vigorously.
Fringecup	<i>Tellima grandiflora</i>	M-D/M	1'-2'		Spreads vigorously. Unusual flower petals.
Goat's Beard	<i>Aruncus dioicus</i>	M-D/M-H	3'-6'		Can tolerate some sun. Impressive size.
Inside-Out Flower	<i>Vancouveria hexandra</i>	M/M	10"		Unique flowers. Spreads.
Lady Fern	<i>Athyrium filix-femina</i>	W-M/M	1'-6'		Beautiful fern with lacy foliage. Good for wet soils.
Maidenhair Fern	<i>Adiantum aleuticum</i>	M/M	1'-2'		Prefers soils high in organic matter.
Redwood Sorrel/Oregon Oxalis	<i>Oxalis oregana</i>	M-D/M-L	6"		Spreads once established. Tolerates deep shade.
Salal	<i>Gaultheria shallon</i>	M-D/H	2'-5'		Woody, evergreen groundcover. Spreads. Edible berries.
Slender-foot Sedge	<i>Carex leptopoda</i>	M/M	1'-2'		Found in upland forests.
Spiny Wood Fern	<i>Dryopteris expansa</i>	M-W/M	1.5'-3'		A fairly large fern with lacy leaves on triangular fronds.
Vanilla Leaf	<i>Achlys triphylla</i>	M-D/M	1'		Common in our local forests. Spreads once established.
Western Bleeding Heart	<i>Dicentra formosa</i>	M-D/L	1'-3'		Many cultivated varieties, be sure to get the true native.
Western Sword Fern	<i>Polystichum munitum</i>	M-D/H	3'-5'		Evergreen fern. Once established, needs little care.
Woodland Strawberry	<i>Fragaria vesca</i>	M/M-H	3"-6"		Edible berries. Spreads vigorously.
Groundcovers and Perennials For Partly Shady to Sunny Locations					
Arctic Sweet Coltsfoot	<i>Petasites frigidus v. palmatus</i>	M-W/M	1'-2'		Flowers come first, can tolerate shade. Vigorous grower.
Beach Strawberry	<i>Fragaria chiloensis</i>	M-D/M-L	3"-6"		Somewhat evergreen, spreads vigorously. Edible berries.
Bigleaf Lupine	<i>Lupinus polyphyllus</i>	M-D/M	5'		Vigorous. Produces a lot of seeds.
Big Leaf Sedge	<i>Carex amplifolia</i>	W-M/M-H	2'-4'		Can be aggressive.
Blue-Eyed Grass	<i>Sisyrinchium idahoense</i>	M-W/M-H	0.5'-1'		Grass-like leaves and beautiful blue flowers.
Broad-Leaved Shooting Star	<i>Dodecatheon hendersonii</i>	M-D/L	1'-1.5'		Likes "spring wet, summer dry" conditions.
Darkthroat Shooting Star	<i>Dodecatheon pulchellum</i>	M-W/M	1'-1.5'		Likes "spring wet, summer dry" conditions.
Douglas Aster	<i>Symphotrichum subspicatum</i>	M-D/M	2'-3'		Prefers dry, sunny habitats.
Douglas' Grasswidow	<i>Olsynium douglasii</i>	M-D/M	0.5'-1'		Pretty plant, may be difficult to find.
Canadian Goldenrod	<i>Solidago canadensis</i>	M-D/M	2'-5'		Attracts butterflies and bees.
Chamisso Sedge	<i>Carex pachystachya</i>	M-D/M	0.5'-2.5'		Good margin plant between wet and dry habitats.
Columbia Lily	<i>Lilium columbianum</i>	M-D/L	4'		Bulb. Prefers shadier sites.
Common Camas	<i>Camassia quamash</i>	M-D/M	2'-2.5'		Bulb. Likes "spring wet, summer dry" conditions.

C = Cultivar H = Hybrid

Soil Moisture: W = Wet M = Moist D - Dry

Water Use: L = Low M = Medium H = High

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Common Harebell	<i>Campanula rotundifolia</i>	M-D/M	0.5'-1'		Can tolerate some shade.
Henderson's Checker Mallow	<i>Sidalcea hendersonii</i>	M-W/M	1'-3'		Rare native with spikes of pink hollyhock-like flowers.
Kinnikinnick	<i>Arctostaphylos uva ursi</i>	M-D/M	0.5'-1'		Evergreen, does well in poor and coarse soils.
Kinnikinnick 'Vancouver Jade' - C	<i>Arctostaphylos uva ursi</i> 'Vancouver Jade'	M-D/L	0.5'-1'		Can spread more quickly than the native version.
Great Camas	<i>Camassia leichtlinii</i>	M-D/M	1'-1.5'		Bulb. Likes "spring wet, summer dry" conditions.
Lakeshore Sedge	<i>Carex lenticularis</i>	M-W/H	1'-3'		Clumps of pale blue or green grass like leaves.
Lanceleaf Tickseed	<i>Coreopsis lanceolata</i>	D/M	2'-3'		Grows in small clumps, forming extensive colonies.
Merten's Sedge	<i>Carex mertensii</i>	M/M	1'-3'		Densely tufted. Can tolerate drier conditions.
Oak Fern	<i>Gymnocarpium dryopteris</i>	M/M	1'		Small delicate fern. Spreads but not aggressively.
Oregon Iris	<i>Iris tenax</i>	M-D/M	1'-1.5'		Reported to be deer resistant. Forms clumps.
Oregon Stonecrop	<i>Sedum oregonum</i>	D/L	0.5'		Succulent, creeping.
Oregon Sunshine	<i>Eriophyllum lanatum</i>	M-D/L	0.5'-2'		Fast growing.
Pearly Everlasting	<i>Anaphalis margaritacea</i>	D/M	1'-4'		Best in sunny areas. Good butterfly plant.
Pink Sea Thrift	<i>Armeria maritima</i>	M-D/M	0.5'-1'		Does best in sun and well drained soils. Forms mounds.
Poverty Oatgrass	<i>Danthonia californica</i>	M/M	1'-4'		Withstands foot traffic.
Red Columbine	<i>Aquilegia formosa</i>	M-D/M	3'		Attracts hummingbirds, self-seeds.
Roemer's Fescue	<i>Festuca idahoensis</i> ssp. <i>roemeri</i>	M-D /M	1'-3'		Bunchgrass, grows in clumps.
Roundleaf Alum Root	<i>Heuchera cylindrica</i>	M-D /L	1'-1.5'		Evergreen perennial.
Showy Fleabane	<i>Erigeron speciosus</i>	M-D/L	1'-3'		Will form clumps that can be divided.
Sitka Sedge	<i>Carex aquatilis</i>	M-W/H	1'-4'		Can tolerate some standing water.
Slough Sedge	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	M-W/H	2'-3'		Common locally, evergreen.
Spreading Rush	<i>Juncus patens</i>	M-W/M	1'-3'		Can tolerate drier soils in late summer.
Spreading Stonecrop	<i>Sedum divergens</i>	D/L	0.5''		Drought tolerant succulent.
Tufted Hairgrass	<i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i>	M-W/L	0.5'-4'		Clumping grass with large plumes, tolerates salt spray.
Upland Larkspur	<i>Delphinium nuttallii</i>	M-D/M	1'-2'		Rare throughout its range.
Western Cone Flower 'Green Wizard' -C	<i>Rudbeckia occidentalis</i> 'Green Wizard'	M/M	2'-5'		Smaller, greener cultivar of the true native.
Wild Bergamot	<i>Monarda fistulosa</i>	M-D/M	1'-3'		Heat tolerant. Great pollinator plant.
Groundcovers and Perennials For Sunny Locations					
Dagger-leaf Rush	<i>Juncus ensifolius</i>	M-W/M	1'-2'		Iris like leaves. Spreads via rhizomes.
Nodding Onion	<i>Allium cernuum</i>	M-D/M	0.5'-1.5'		Benefits from dividing every 3 years or so.
Sawbeak Sedge	<i>Carex stipata</i>	M-W/H	4'		Thrives in disturbed areas. Can grow in standing water.
Slender Rush	<i>Juncus tenuis</i>	M/M	2.5'		Thrives in disturbed areas. Can tolerate some shade.
Western Blue-Flag Iris	<i>Iris missouriensis</i>	W/H	1'-3'		Forms clumps.
Shrubs For Shady Locations					
Red Huckleberry	<i>Vaccinium parvifolium</i>	M-D/L	3'-12'	6'	Prefers rotting wood as a substrate.
Shrubs For Shady to Partly Shady Locations					
Bald-Hip Rose	<i>Rosa gymnocarpa</i>	M-D/M	5'	Thicket	Prefers partial shade.

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Beaked Hazelnut	<i>Corylus cornuta v. californica</i>	M-D/M	5'-15'	15'	Often multi-stemmed. Edible nuts.
Compact Oregon Grape -C	<i>Mahonia aquifolium 'Compacta'</i>	D/M	2'-3'	3'-5'	Not quite as tall as tall Oregon grape.
Evergreen Huckleberry	<i>Vaccinium ovatum</i>	M-D/L	6'-8'	4'-6'	Can be hedged. Edible berries. Best in acidic soil.
Indian Plum/Osoberry	<i>Oemleria cerasiformis</i>	M-D/M	15'	10'	One of the first shrubs to flower in the spring. Spreads.
Low Oregon Grape	<i>Mahonia nervosa</i>	M-D/L	2'-3'	2'	Evergreen, holly-like leaves.
Mallow Ninebark	<i>Physocarpus malvaceus</i>	D/L	1.5'-6'	10'	Drought tolerant.
Orange Honeysuckle	<i>Lonicera ciliosa</i>	M/M	20'+	Vine	Not aggressive. Attracts hummingbirds.
Pacific Rhododendron	<i>Rhododendron macrophyllum</i>	M-D/H	5'-20'	10'	Well drained soils. State flower of Washington.
Salmonberry	<i>Rubus spectabilis</i>	M-W/M	6'-15'	Thicket	Spreads readily. Edible berries, can tolerate sunnier sites.
Tall Oregon Grape	<i>Mahonia aquifolium</i>	M-D/L	8'	5'	Evergreen, fragrant yellow flowers.
Shrubs For Partly Shady to Sunny Locations					
American Cranberry Bush	<i>Viburnum opulus v. americanum</i>	M-W/H	8'-12'	8'-10'	Edible berries increased in full sun.
Black Cap Raspberry	<i>Rubus leucodermis</i>	M-D/M	5'-7'	3'	Very prickly arching canes, delicious native raspberry.
Black Gooseberry	<i>Ribes divaricatum</i>	M-W/M-H	8'	Thicket	Arching canes root as they touch the ground. Thorns.
Black Twinberry	<i>Lonicera involucrata</i>	M-W/M	9'-12'	10'	Less vigorous in drier spots. Can tolerate shade.
Blizzard Mock Orange -C	<i>Philadelphus lewisii 'Blizzard'</i>	M/M	5'-6'	4'-5'	More winter hardy and compact than the native.
Cluster Rose	<i>Rosa pisocarpa</i>	M-W/M	6'-8'	Thicket	Creates thickets. Loved by bees.
Golden Currant	<i>Ribes aureum</i>	M-D/L	3'-9'	3'-6'	Edible berries. Common east of the Cascades.
Hairy Honeysuckle	<i>Lonicera hispidula</i>	M-D/M-L	0.5'-1'	Vine	Non-climbing. Sparse bloomer.
Hardhack	<i>Spiraea douglasii</i>	M-W/M	6'-12'	Thicket	Can be aggressive on wetter sites. Better contained if dry.
Mock Orange	<i>Philadelphus lewisii</i>	M-D/L	6'-10'	8'	Heavily scented flowers.
Nootka Rose	<i>Rosa nutkana</i>	M/H	6'-10'	Thicket	Thicket forming. Loved by bees.
Pacific Ninebark	<i>Physocarpus capitatus</i>	M-W/L	3'-8'	8'	Tolerates pruning. Tolerates a wide range of conditions.
Oceanspray	<i>Holodiscus discolor</i>	M-D/M	10'	9'	Tolerates shade and salt spray.
Oval-Leaf Viburnum	<i>Viburnum ellipticum</i>	D/L	3'-12'	4'-8'	Drought tolerant.
Red Elderberry	<i>Sambucus racemosa</i>	M-D/M	8'-15'	8'-10'	Fast growing.
Red-Flowering Currant	<i>Ribes sanguineum</i>	M-D/M	6'-20'	10'	Can tolerate shade but at the expense of blossoms.
Red Osier Dogwood	<i>Cornus sericea</i>	M-W/M	6'-15'	12'	Red stems provide winter interest. Can sucker.
Shiny-Leaved Spirea	<i>Spiraea lucida</i>	M-D/M	2'-4'	2'-4'	Pretty, short stature shrub.
Sitka Mountain Ash	<i>Sorbus sitchensis</i>	M/L	3'-15'	6'-10'	Attractive fall colors.
Snowberry	<i>Symphoricarpos albus</i>	M-D/M	2'-8'	Thicket	Berries feed the birds in winter.
Snowbrush Ceanothus	<i>Ceanothus velutinus</i>	M-D/M-L	5'-12'	6'-12'	Evergreen, scented. Needs little water once established.
Subalpine Spirea	<i>Spiraea densiflora</i>	M-W/M	2'-3'	2'-3'	Pretty, short growing shrub. Attracts butterflies.
Sweet Gale	<i>Myrica gale</i>	M-W/M-H	2'-5'	3'-4'	Sweetly scented leaves. Can thrive in very wet soils.
Thimbleberry	<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>	M-D/H	3'-8'	6'	Thorn-less, edible berries. Spreads vigorously.
Utah Serviceberry	<i>Amelanchier utahensis</i>	D/M	6'-12'	6'-10'	Slightly smaller mature height than <i>A. alnifolia</i> .
Western Sweetshrub	<i>Calycanthus occidentalis</i>	M/M	6'-12'	6'-12'	Fragrant, deep red flowers.

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Wood's Rose	<i>Rosa woodsii</i>	M-D/L	3'-5'	Thicket	Can tolerate a variety of conditions.
Yellow Twig Dogwood -C	<i>Cornus sericea 'Flaviramea'</i>	M-W/M	5'-6'	5'-6'	Cultivar of red osier with bright yellow stems.
Shrubs For Sunny Locations					
Hairy Manzanita	<i>Arctostaphylos columbiana</i>	M-D/L	5'-15'	6'	Evergreen, looks similar to Kinnikinnick but taller.
Pacific Wax Myrtle	<i>Myrica californica</i>	M-D/M-L	10'-15'	10'	Evergreen, tolerates pruning.
Redstem Ceanothus	<i>Ceanothus sanguineus</i>	M-D/H	8'-10'	6'	Attractive red stems provide winter interest.
Shrubby Cinquefoil	<i>Dasiphora fruticosa</i>	M-D/M-L	3'-4'	3'-4'	Can tolerate shade. A nice low growing rounded shrub.
Skunkbrush Sumac	<i>Rhus trilobata</i>	D/L	6'	Thicket	Nice fall color. Tolerates some shade.
Trees For Shady to Partly Shady Locations					
Vine Maple	<i>Acer circinatum</i>	M-D/M	25'-35'	15'	Can take full sun in very moist soils.
Western Hemlock	<i>Tsuga heterophylla</i>	M-W/M	225'	30'	State tree of Washington.
Western Red Cedar	<i>Thuja plicata</i>	M-W/M	100'-150'	40'	Iconic PNW conifer. Retains lower branches.
Trees For Sunny to Partly Shady Locations					
Bitter Cherry	<i>Prunus emarginata</i>	M-D/M	45'-80'	15'-25'	Bitter cherries are loved by birds.
Black Chokecherry	<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	M-D/M	20'	10'-20'	Suckers. Edible cherries.
Black Hawthorne	<i>Crataegus douglasii</i>	M-W/H	15'-30'	20'	Large thorns do not deter deer.
Cascara	<i>Frangula purshiana</i>	M-D/L	30'-40'	20'	Thrives in a variety of conditions, including shade.
Douglas Maple	<i>Acer glabrum v. douglasii</i>	M-D/M-L	30'	20'	Attractive fall colors.
Eddy's White Wonder Dogwood -H	<i>Cornus nuttallii x florida</i>	M/M	20'-40'	15'-35'	Shows resistance to dogwood anthracnose.
Excelsa Western Red Cedar -C	<i>Thuja plicata 'Excelsa'</i>	M/M	35'	20'	Cultivar is much smaller than native. Good screen plant.
Garry Oak	<i>Quercus garryana</i>	M-D/M-L	80'	45'	Acorns are eaten by birds and mammals.
Grand Fir	<i>Abies grandis</i>	M-D/M-L	150'-250'	30'	Scented. Grows quickly.
Mountain Hemlock	<i>Tsuga mertensiana</i>	M/M	25'-30'	15'	Alpine species rarely achieves its mature height of >100'.
Pacific Crabapple	<i>Malus fusca</i>	M-W/M	25'-30'	15'	Can form multi-stemmed thickets.
Oregon Ash	<i>Fraxinus latifolia</i>	M-W/M	80'	35'	Can tolerate some standing water early in the season.
Paper Birch	<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	M/M	100'	25'-50'	Attractive peeling bark.
Serviceberry	<i>Amelanchier alnifolia</i>	M-D/M	6'-20'	20'	Fragrant flowers, edible berries.
Shore Pine	<i>Pinus contorta var. contorta</i>	W-D/M	35'-60'	20'	Tolerant of a wide variety of site conditions.
Sitka Alder	<i>Alnus viridis ssp. sinuata</i>	M/H	20'-25'	10'	Often multi-trunked. Can handle poor soils.
Sitka Spruce	<i>Picea sitchensis</i>	M-W/M	>150'	40'	The world's largest spruce.
Venus Dogwood -H	<i>Cornus nuttallii x kousa 'Venus'</i>	M/M	15'-25'	20'-25'	Shows resistance to dogwood anthracnose.
Trees For Sunny Locations					
Alaska Yellow Cedar	<i>Callitropsis nootkatensis</i>	M-W/M	80'	25'	Rarely reaches mature height.
Douglas Fir	<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>	M-D/M-L	200'-300'	40'	Can tolerate some shade.
Hogan Western Red Cedar -C	<i>Thuja plicata 'Hogan'</i>	M/M	15'-40'	8'-20'	Can tolerate some shade.
Water Birch	<i>Betula occidentalis</i>	M/H	20'-33'	10'-15'	Often multi-trunked. Can tolerate some shade.
Seaside Juniper	<i>Juniperus maritima</i>	M-D/M	15'-25'	10'-20'	Commonly found on coastal bluffs.

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